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The Socialist Offensive The Collectivization

The Socialist Offensive: The Collectivization of Soviet Agriculture, 1929-1930. By R. W. Davies. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Harvard University Press, 1980. Pp. xxi ...

The Socialist Offensive: The Collectivization of Soviet ...

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The Socialist offensive : the collectivisation of Soviet ...

The Harvest of Sorrow: Soviet Collectivization and the Terror-Famine, Oxford University Press, 1986. Davies, R. W. The Socialist Offensive (Volume 1 of The Industrialization of Soviet Russia), Harvard University Press (1980), hardcover, ISBN 0-674-81480-0; Davies, R. W.

Collectivization in the Soviet Union - Wikipedia

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The Industrialisation of Soviet Russia 1: The Socialist ...

Socialist industrialization was accompanied by the rapid growth of the working class, and made it possible to liquidate unemployment. In 1940 there were 9,971,000 industrial workers, which was...

Stalin - Collectivization, The Five Year Plans and Famine ...

The Socialist Offensive - The Collectivization of Soviet Agriculture, 1929-1930. The Industrialisation of Soviet Russia 1 : The Socialist Offensive - The Collectivization of Soviet Agriculture Vol 1 Hardcover - 31 July 1980

The Socialist Offensive - The Collectivization of Soviet ...

The second major front of the socialist offensive was played out in the countryside in the campaigns to collectivise agriculture. Destruction of the private farm economy went hand in glove with a general assault on private trade and other market remnants of new economic policy (NEP).

Stalinism, 1928-1940 (Chapter 7) - The Cambridge History ...

Iosif Stalin, Problems of Agrarian Policy in the USSR. December 27, 1929 . Speech at a conference of Marxist students on the agrarian question. ... The so-called theory of the "equilibrium" between the sectors of our national economy is still current among Communists.

Stalin on the Liquidation of the Kulak - Seventeen Moments ...

Military metaphors were used frequently for this creation, as in 1929, where the collectivization of agriculture was officially termed a "full-scale socialist offensive on all fronts." [89] The Second Five Plan saw a slowdown of the Socialist Offensive, this against a propaganda background of trumpeting the USSR's triumphs on "the battlefield of building socialism."

Propaganda in the Soviet Union - Wikipedia

About the authors By the summer of 1929 Soviet industrialisation was well under way, but agriculture was in a profound crisis: in 1928 and 1929 grain to feed the towns was wrested from the peasants by force, and the twenty-five million individual peasant households lost the stimulus to extend or even to maintain their production.

The Industrialisation of Soviet Russia 1: Socialist Offensive

We know that out of the socialist movement, the right wing of the socialist movement, social democracy, has produced societies that function. They've produced stable welfare states.

The United States of Socialism? - The New York Times

Material private property and own ideas are the main objectives of the socialists' attack. Collectivization of consciousness, which is the subjugation of the individual to the collective, was the...

No, the Fascists and the Nazis Were Not Right-Wingers

by the speech excerpted below, Stalin blamed them for food shortages and ordered the collectivization of their farms. In theory only the kulaks were to be targeted, but in practice the government took over the farms belonging to any peasants who opposed collectivization. Angry farmers slaughtered their livestock and wrecked their farm machinery

Stalin, speech on kulaks, 1929 - Hanover College

Jacobin is a leading voice of the American left, offering socialist perspectives on politics, economics, and culture.

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The collectivization of Soviet agriculture gave rise to a massive wave of peasant protest and violence in the countryside during the late 1920s and early 1930s. Peasant unrest began on the eve of wholesale collectivization in 1928 during the implementation of "extraordinary measures" (i.e., forced requisitions) in state grain procurements.

The Editors and Board of Trustees of the Russian Review

In the present volume, Davies and Wheatcroft pick up in the middle of the story that Davies began in volumes one and two (The Socialist Offensive: The Collectivization of Soviet Agriculture, 1929-1930 and The Soviet Collective Farm, 1929-1930), with chapters on the second campaigns of collectivization and dekulakization in 1930-1931.

The Years of Hunger: Soviet Agriculture, 1931-1933

Collectivization, a policy pursued in the Soviet Union and most other communist countries, refers to a process whereby private agricultural lands were seized by the state and transferred either to collective farms (kolkhoz in Russian) or state farms (sovkhoz). The policy was unpopular with farmers and was accompanied by violence.

Collectivization Essay - Political Science Essay Examples ...

As Siegelbaum explains, the Stalin leadership organized the industrialization drive and the collectivization of agriculture as a "socialist offensive"--they conceived it as a series of military-like campaigns and they used this metaphor to mobilize the population (e.g., "shock brigades," socialist competition, outlandish claims of success, etc.)